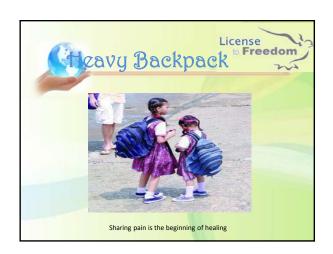
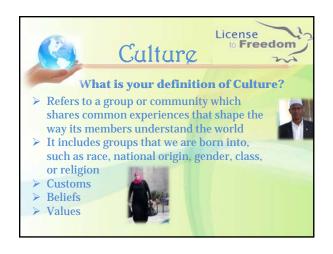


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The Family

- The family is a key social unit to Arabs.
- There is a patriarchal and hierarchal systems in many familiesfathers and elders dominate.
- Larger families are preferred to many because there is the belief
 that a large family provides economic benefits, particularly for
 the possibility that a son will care for the parents when they get
 older. In some families only males are preferred off spring for that
 particular reason.
- Family is the center of honor, reputation, and loyalty for Arabs.
- Children are taught to conform to norms of the Arab society. As adults, Children seldom leave home until they marry.

Child and Youth

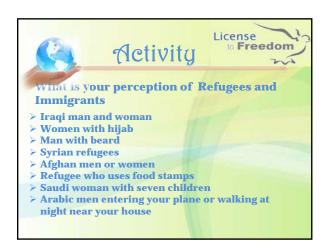
- Children are valued greatly and are an important investment to their families. In many families the children are expected to care for the parents in later years.
- Women are expected in most middle eastern cultures and most families to be the primary care giver for the children.
- Children and youth are expected to be obedient to the parents and olders.
- In some families physical punishment is used to discipline. Harsh physical discipline is not perceived as abuse.
- Youth do not learn about sex from the parents because it would be considered crossing boundaries. However, they learn about it from peer and media.
- In some families, extended relatives live in the home and everyone may share a room.

Body Language

- Some women do not shake hands with men because it is forbidden in the religion. As a sign of respect, a woman may place her right hand on her chest if a man extends his hand to shake.
- It is common for a heterosexual man or woman to walk holding hands with the same gender. It is also common to see a considerable amount of touching between same sex individuals. Individuals from the same gender greet each other by shaking hands and kissing the right and left cheek.

Some common No No 's in the Middle East

- A non–Mahram or a stranger non-family male cannot hug, touch, and in some families even sit with a female. This specifically applies to Muslims. As mentioned families vary in strictness and flexibility.
- Premarital sex in most middle eastern cultures as in most religions of the region is prohibited and looked down upon. Virginity especially for the female is greatly valued as it signifies chastity and protects the family unit from having children outside of marriage.
- In some religions specifically Islam, drinking is prohibited. Therefore, if you
 have a client who reports that he/she is drinking and is concerned about
 drinking despite being an adult, it is because there is a lot of shame, guilt, and
 taboo against it. In the case where a minor is drinking, then it indicates an
 even greater functioning impairment. In our western culture if an adult drinks
 moderately it is perfectly acceptable.



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